In-Car Activity Sheets

The Skid Monster gives drivers the right experience. It teaches the consequences of wrong behavior and the value of having the "Right Stuff" as habit.

ridging the GAP

Getting Ready to Drive

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- Vision & Motion Control
- **C** Transition Pegs Introduction
- Targeting Practice-1
- **Targeting Practice-2**
 - **Demo of Transition Pegs**
- **c** Simulated Late Exiting
- You Put Car Off Target
 - **Trainee Gets On/Off Target**
 - **Turns from a Stop**
 - **Turns While Moving**
 - **Turns Demonstration**

- M Lane Positions
- N Constant Radius Circle Control

SAFETY

- Constant Circle Entering Curves
- **P** Constant Circle Demonstration
- Decreasing Radius and Exiting
- **R** Curves, Turns and Roundabouts
- S Precision Lane Change
- Evasive Lane Change
- **U** Evasive Demo
- V Serpentine
- W Off Road Recovery
- X Vehicle Failures



Phase

ebook Habits 1, 2, 3, 4, 5a

Skid Monsters: Sets A, B, RP, C, D, E



• Sets Car into motion smoothly (idle speed, then accelerate gradually)

Braking Techniques

1		

RP

С

• Applies the brake with the right foot • Uses controlled threshold braking effi-

ciently without locking the wheels

- Brings the vehicle to a *smooth stop*.
- Stops to see the base of the barrier to represent the *tire concept*

Reference Point Intro

 Right Side Reference Point • Forward Reference Point

Transition Pegs Intro

All the behaviors from set B will be used, plus:

- Recovers steering at transition peg
- Increases acceleration at transition peg

• Holds partial braking until at the

Transition Peg then goes from braking to acceleration without delay.

Rating: Name

 $\sqrt{-G}$ = Good, no coaching **X** = Needs practice

Target	
	Selection
	• Checks the left, front and right zones
┝╼╋╼╋┥	before moving
	• Iurns head on target before turning
	Desitions Car on Target uses transition
	negs effectively
	• Uses Central and Fringe Vision (see tar-
	get with central vision, see car to target with
	fringe vision)
Steerir	ng Techniques
 •	Uses a balanced hand position
	Hand-Over-Hand and Pull-Push
	• Knuckles and thumbs on outside
Accele	ration Techniques
	Sees open space before accelerating
+++	Sets Car into motion smoothly
++	 Uses transition pegs effectively
Brakin	a Techniques
	• Applies the <i>brake with the right foot</i>
+++	• Uses controlled threshold braking
++-	• Holds the brake until at the <i>transition peg</i>
	for turns made without stopping.
•	• Brings the vehicle to a <i>smooth stop</i> .
	(Release slight pedal pressure during last 2
	Seconds of braking to ease pitch force).
	E largeting-Skib Detection
Targeti	ng From Stopped and Moving
Positio	ns – 180 degree turns
Positio	• Searches left, front and right zones
Positio	 ns – 180 degree turns Searches left, front and right zones before moving Smooth Acceleration on Starts
	 ns – 180 degree turns Searches left, front and right zones before moving Smooth Acceleration on Starts On Moving Turns: Applies brake effec-
	 ns – 180 degree turns Searches left, front and right zones before moving Smooth Acceleration on Starts On Moving Turns: Applies brake effectively before steering
	 Ins – 180 degree turns Searches left, front and right zones before moving Smooth Acceleration on Starts On Moving Turns: Applies brake effectively before steering Turns Head On Target before steering
	 ns - 180 degree turns Searches left, front and right zones before moving Smooth Acceleration on Starts On Moving Turns: Applies brake effec- tively before steering Turns Head On Target before steering Detects and Corrects Skid yaw immedi-
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Positio	 Ins – 180 degree turns Searches left, front and right zones before moving Smooth Acceleration on Starts On Moving Turns: Applies brake effectively before steering Turns Head On Target before steering Detects and Corrects Skid yaw immediately Off pedals during skid (no gas, no brake) Keeps head turned towards target during skid recovery Steering recovery initiated at Transition Peg On stops: Smooth Braking, no pitch felt g Techniques Applies the brake with the right foot (unless physically restricted) Uses controlled threshold braking efficiently without locking the wheels On Moving Turns: Keeps Partial Braking Pressure until Transition Peg
Positio	 Searches left, front and right zones before moving Smooth Acceleration on Starts On Moving Turns: Applies brake effectively before steering Turns Head On Target before steering Detects and Corrects Skid yaw immediately Off pedals during skid (no gas, no brake) Keeps head turned towards target during skid recovery Steering recovery initiated at Transition Peg On stops: Smooth Braking, no pitch felt g Techniques Applies the brake with the right foot (unless physically restricted) Uses controlled threshold braking efficiently without locking the wheels On Moving Turns: Keeps Partial Braking Pressure until Transition Peg Brings the vehicle to a smooth stop

Habits Phase One: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9,10

Skid Monsters: Sets G, H, J, K, Los

G Simulated Late Exiting

0	bs	se	rve	thes	e Be	hav	iors f	irst	
			• Ap	oplies l	orake a	and r e	educes	speed	before

- steering to new target
- Turns Head On Target before steering

Behaviors to Maintain Control

_	• • •	
	П	• Detect and Correct Skid yaw immedi-
		ately (stay off pedals during skid recovery)
		• Keeps head turned towards target dur-
		ing skid recovery
	\vdash	• On Moving Turns: <i>Keens Partial</i>
		Braking Pressure until transition neg
⊢	\vdash	• Steering recovery initiated at Trans Peg
		to avoid corrective stoering
	\square	Currently Acceleration on Charles and it de
	\square	• Smooth Acceleration on Starts: no pitch
		• On stops: <i>Smooth Braking</i> , no pitch
		H Car's Pulled Off Target
0	n 1	Target/Off Target
		• Foot off pedals as <i>car moves off target</i>
F		• Keeps Head On Target as car gets off target
	\square	• Detect and Correct Skid yaw immediately
	\square	(stay off pedals during skid recovery)
		• Keeps head turned towards target during
L		skid recovery
A	iter	recovery while Making Turn for New Target
		• Keeps Partial Braking Pressure
	\square	• Standing macromany initiated at Transition
		• Steering recovery initiated at Transition B ag to avoid corrective steering
L	\square	• Smooth Acceleration on Starts: no nitch felt
		forces felt
		• On stops: <i>Smooth Braking</i> , no pitch forces
		Turne from a Ston Sign
	-ft	J Turns from a Stop Sign
		Signals for turn 5 seconds before stop
-	\vdash	Begins braking effectively on approach
-	$\left \right $	Checks mirror when foot goes on brake
⊢	\vdash	• Makes smooth stop
\vdash	\vdash	• Uses side position <i>reference point</i>
⊢	\vdash	• Uses <i>reference points</i> for stop position
\vdash	\vdash	• Selects Target before beginning turn
\vdash	$\left \right $	• <i>Searches intersection</i> for clear left, front,
		right zones
	Π	• Uses forward position <i>reference point</i>
F	$ \uparrow $	• Turns head onto target before moving
	\square	• See cones with <i>peripheral vision</i>
		• Accelerates at Transition Pegs
		• Uses <i>effective steering</i> technique
		• Detects and correct skid yaw (off pedals
1	1	auring skia)

• *Timely Acceleration* when zones are open

Rating: Name_

 $\sqrt{=}$ Good, no coaching X=Needs practice

K Turns While Moving
Left and Right Turns–Moving Position
• Signals for turn 5 seconds before stop sign
• Uses Target Area Searching when
approaching the turn
• Begins <i>constant braking</i> during approach
• <i>Check mirror</i> when foot goes on brake
• Brake controls speed before turning
(Use of brake to reduce speed before turning
prevents skid. Stay off brake during skid.)
• Searches intersection for clear L-F-R zones
• <i>Turns head</i> to new target area <i>before</i>
steering
• Holds partial braking (at least 30%)
until Transition Peg
• Detects and corrects skid yaw without
hesitation
• <i>Keeps head and eye focused</i> to target area
• Uses <i>effective steering</i> technique
• At Transition Peg, effectively acceler-
ates w/o hesitation to straighten the car
on target.
Demonstration of Premature Release of Broke for right or left turns
Brake for right of left turns
Demonstration of No Use of Brake while
making right or left turns
• Bight and Left Turns Compare Speed of
Success and Failure Approaches
M Lane Positions
Introduction to Lang Resition Usage
• Positions Car in LP2 accurately
(demonstrates or explains which reference
• Positions Car in LP1 accurately
• Positions Car in LP3 accurately
LOO LOG-POT DIOCKAYE
Use this for all situations that apply

Jse this for all situations that apply

	• Knows LOS-POT means a blockage to
	vour Line-Of-Sight and / or Path-Of-Travel
	• Responds to LOS-POT with speed reduc-
	tion
	• Responds to LOS-POT with lane posi-

L tioning adjustment

Key Behaviors to Cue for Turns

- Select Target
- Search Left-Front-Right zones
- Turn Head
- Use Transition Peg



the width of the gates.

placing small cones to form the large circle.

cone X to set the placement of cone Z.

12. The same process as used for the 75 foot radius will be used to form the 20 foot radius circle.

13. Gates E and G and F and Y, are in alignment with cone Z.

20 ft safety area

- 14. Once the course is laid out, cones X and Y are removed.
- 15. The other gates are then placed as space permits.

= 18 inch cones

= 2 inch motorcycle cones

20 ft safety area

ш



Phase **2a**

Skid Monsters: Sets N, O, Q

N Constant Radius Circle Speed Control

Establish Speed of 10 mph, after success increase speed to 12 mph

This activity begins in the non-monster mode. After a few revolutions switching to the MONSTER mode represents hitting "black ice."

- Establishes constant speed
 Establishes constant speed
 Detects front of the car's movement off its constant radius (yaw angle)
 Has central vision focused through curve, not at yaw angle
 Uses fringe vision to keep car on course
 Takes corrective steering action without hesitation
 Keeps car in travel path
 - Controls speed of car

After correcting skid...

Stay close to the cones and keep increasing speed until you are not able to maintain a controlled yaw. **Repeat process with turns to the right**.

O Constant Radius Circle Entering Curves

Entering Curves

(**LP**=Lane Position)

This activity begins in the Monster Mode. You will start on a straight path before entering the "curve".

- Uses *Target Area Searching* when approaching the curve.
 - Lane Position: Constant LEFT CURVES: approach LP3, apex LP1, exit LP1
 - Lane Position: Constant RIGHT CURVES: approach LP2, apex LP1, exit LP1
 - Effective use of *speed control*
 - *Applies brake before turning* (On brake to prevent skid, off brake during skid)
 - Turns head to look into curve
 - Detects and corrects skid yaw
 - Uses effective steering technique

Rating: Name_

 $\sqrt{=}$ Good, no coaching X=Needs practice

Q Decreasing Radius Curve and Exiting Curves

Decreasing Radius Curve

• **Part 1:** You will travel in a constant radius curve. After driving around the circle a few times at the maximum controllable speed, you will turn into the inside gates of the curve.

• **Part 2:** You will do the same activity at a slower speed around the constant radius before turning into the decreasing radius gates. Compare the control you have when speed is not excessive.

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• H		
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he		

• **Detects front of the car's movement** off its constant radius (yaw angle)

• Has *vision focused through curve*, not at yaw angle

• *Takes corrective steering action* without hesitation

Exiting Curves

This activity begins in the Monster Mode. After traveling at least one or two times around the circle you will exit the circle, which will represent exiting a curve.

	• Sets up correct lane position in preparation
	for exiting
_	• Lano Position for LEET CURVES, and
	• Late i osition foi ELFT CURVES, uper
	LPI, exit LPI
	• Lane Position for <i>RIGHT CURVES: apex</i>
	LP1, exit LP1
	• Effective use of <i>speed control</i>
	•Turns head to new target area before steer-
	ing
	• <i>Detects and corrects skid yaw</i> without
	hesitation
	• Keeps head and eyes focused to target area
	• With car in control, goes from brake to
	acceleration effectively without besitation
	when car is <i>at Transition Peg</i> (corner post,
	or, rear view mirror)

 $\sqrt{=}$ Good, no coaching X=Needs practice

R Curves, Turns and Roundabouts

Compare Speed of Success and Failure

Compar	re speed of Success and Fanure
	 Uses Target Area Searching when
	approaching the curve.
	 LP for Constant LEFT CURVES:
	approach LP3, apex LP1, exit LP1
	• LP for Constant RIGHT CURVES :
	approach LP2, apex LP1, exit LP1
	• Effective use of <i>speed control</i>
	• Applies brake before turning (On brake
	to prevent skid, off brake during skid)
	• Turns head to new target area before
	steering
	• When Braking is needed, <i>holds partial</i>
	brake pressure of 20-30% (trail braking)
	until at Transition Peg (corner post,
	rear view mirror)
	• Detects and corrects skid yaw without
	hesitation
	• Keeps head and eyes focused to target
	area
	 Uses effective steering technique
	• With car in control, <i>goes from brake to</i>
	acceleration effectively without hesita-
	tion when car is at Transition Peg
	(corner post, rear view mirror)
	• Entering and leaving Roundabouts effec-
	tively. (travels counter clockwise at all
	times)
	• Experiences <i>effects of curve's radius</i> on
	speed control
	 Experiences effects of road grade and
	<i>camber</i> on car control
	• Experiences <i>effects of One or Two</i>
	Excessive miles per hour on control



Phase

ebook Habits: Review all 1-10

3a

Skid Monsters: Set T, Z

Evasive Maneuver

Behaviors For Evasive Lane Change

- *Holds the steering* with both hands for a 9-3 *position*
 - *Focuses on target area* not on what is being avoided
 - Makes *initial steering* without taking hands off the wheel
 - *Stays off the brake and the gas pedals* while steering
 - *Takes counter steering actions* to keep roll axis in balance
 - When car goes into a skid, *turns steering rapidly towards target*
 - When *steering is controlled*, applies *brake or acceleration* as needed

Behaviors For Evasive Braking



Rating: Name_

 $\sqrt{=}$ Good, no coaching X=Needs practice

	U Evasive Demonstrations
Variat	oles You Will Experience in this Set
	 Effects Speed has upon car control Effects Lane Positioning has upon steering inputs Effects Following Time has upon taking an evasive braking or steering action.

Demonstrates Value of Four-Second Following Time

	 Experiences the effect following time has upon car control for evasive steering and braking
	• Experiences the <i>effect following time</i> has upon <i>reducing driver stress</i>

Demonstrates Value of Lane Positions



Wa **Off Road Recovery**

Down Slope Shoulder: Off-Boad

501	
	• <i>Holds the steering firmly</i> with both
_	— hands for a 9-3 <i>position</i>
	• <i>Look for targeting path</i> down the slope
	• Releases acceleration, steer away from
_	<i>road</i> and <i>brake lightly</i> if possible.
	• If roll forces are felt, <i>turns steering more</i>
_	down the slope
	 Bring vehicle to a complete stop
	• Relax
	 Slowly move and turn perpendicular to the
	road as possible to climb up the slope
	• Stop before entering the roadway to search
	for a gap or hole to enter.
	When able enter traffic flow.
Wb	Off Road Recovery

Off Road Recovery

Level Shoulder: Off-Road Recovery

- Holds the steering firmly with both hands for a 9-3 position
- Releases acceleration pressure and stay off the brake
- Moves into Lane Position 5 to straddle the pavement edge
- Checks *left-rear zone* and *signal for re-entry* into traffic (when possible)
- Focuses on the *target area*
- Cuts steering wheel a quarter turn towards pavement without taking hands off the wheel
- Immediately takes counter steering action towards target area to keep roll axis in balance
- If car goes into a skid, *turns steering rapidly* towards target
- When steering is controlled, resumes acceleration, or initiates braking

You Should be able to Experience:



Rating: Name

 $\sqrt{=}$ Good, no coaching **X**=Needs practice

a	Vehicle Failures

Tire Blowout

• Foot comes off the pedals as the steering
wheel is moved off target to <i>simulate the</i>
tire blowout
• Keeps Head On Target as steering wheel
moves car off target
• Detect and Correct Skid yaw immediate-
ly (stay off pedals during skid recovery)
• Keeps head turned towards target dur-
ing skid recovery
• With car back in control, <i>selects a safe</i>
location to deal with the failed tire

Demonstration of Power Steering Loss

- Have the car going in a circle at 15 mph.
- Turn the key off.
- Steer left and right as space permits.
- Experience how the steering wheel feels.
- Use open palm shift into neutral.
- Restart engine.

Xb

Vehicle Failures

Open Palm Shift into Neutral



Stalled Engine





Phase

Skid Monster Challenge

- There will be 12 challenges.
- There will be three or four teams (POLG).
 Pink.....A team Orange..B team
 Lime... C team Green.. D team

RULES:

- 1. The driver of car one must go through all exercises on the course two times within a three minute time period.
- 2. The driver of car two will begin 15 seconds later and must follow the same correct path that car one takes without getting closer than 4 seconds to car one.
- 3. If car two finishes in less than 15 seconds, without more penalties than car one, it is the winner of that challenge.
- 4. Members of the team not in the challenge serve as timers and referees.



Penalty Points: Each driver begins with 100 points. Place a \checkmark for each second a violation occurs

(Car 1 - 2 Team	
1.	Starts from Stopped Position	
	Safety belt not within 3 seconds -5	S
	Smooth Start not made -2	
	Early start before flag - 5/sec	M
2.	Intersections	Ŋ
	Failure to yield -5	
	Not Searching L-F-R -2/search	\emptyset
3.	Stops	
	Smooth Stop not made- 2	M
	Complete Stop not made -2	11V2
	Forward Reference 6+ inch off -2	(0)
4.	Following Time/Space	M
	Not keeping 4-seconds -2/sec	Q
	Not stopping to see tires -2	9
5.	Round About	T
	Blocking round about -5	โร
	Going wrong way – Disqualified	
6.	Curves	LK
	Wrong Drive Line -2	
	Head not turned -2	\bigcirc
7	Fvasive	G
	Failure to keep head on target -5	Ħ
	Applying brake before clearing obstacle-5	5
8.	LOS-POT Blockage	77 17
	Failure to search Left, Front, Right -2	16
	Failure to respond (stop) -5	ĨL,
	Failure to get best LP -5	15
9.	Rule Violation	W
	Not belted before moving – Disqualified	G
	Failure to follow car one – Disqualified	โร
	Hitting a Cone or Barrier – Disqualified	
	Going Outside Course – Disqualified	
	Wrong direction in roundabout – Disqualifi	ed
	Failure to yield after spinout – Disqualif	ied
	Not stopping when flagged -2/sec	
	500 degree improperty executed -5 points	5
	penalty points + 2 points	s/sec
100	points +/ =	

Penalty Points: Each driver begins with 100 points. Place a \checkmark for each second a violation occurs

Car1 - 2 Circle starting position Team 1. Starts from Stopped Position Safety belt not within 3 seconds -5 Smooth Start not made -2 ____ Early start before flag - 5/sec 2. Intersections _____ Failure to yield -5 _____ Not Searching L-F-R -2/search 3. Stops _____ Smooth Stop not made- 2 ____ Complete Stop not made -2 Forward Reference 6+ inch off -2 4. Following Time/Space ____ Not keeping 4-seconds -2/sec S ____ Not stopping to see tires -2 T 5. Round About ____ Blocking round about -5 ____ Going wrong way – **Disqualified** 6. Curves ____ Wrong Drive Line -2 Head not turned -2 7. Evasive M ____ Failure to keep head on target -5 ____ Applying brake before clearing obstacle-5 8. LOS-POT Blockage Failure to search Left, Front, Right -2 Failure to respond (stop) -5 _____ Failure to get best LP -5 N 9. Rule Violation Not belted before moving – Disqualified Failure to follow car one – **Disqualified** Hitting a Cone or Barrier – **Disqualified** _____ Going Outside Course – Disqualified Wrong direction in roundabout – Disqualified Failure to yield after spinout – **Disqualified** ___ Not stopping when flagged -2/sec _ 360 degree improperly executed -5 points _____ - penalty points _______ + 2 points/sec 100 points +/-____ = _____

Penalty Points: Each driver begins with 100 points. Place a $\sqrt{}$ for each second a violation occurs Car1 - 2 Circle starting position Team____ 1. Starts from Stopped Position _____ Safety belt not within 3 seconds -5 Smooth Start not made -2 ____ Early start before flag - 5/sec 2. Intersections Failure to yield -5 _____ Not Searching L-F-R -2/search 3. Stops _____ Smooth Stop not made- 2 ____ Complete Stop not made -2 Forward Reference 6+ inch off -2 4. Following Time/Space ____ Not keeping 4-seconds -2/sec ____ Not stopping to see tires -2 5. Round About Blocking round about -5 _____ Going wrong way – Disqualified 6. Curves ____ Wrong Drive Line -2 Head not turned -2 7. Evasive Ħ ____ Failure to keep head on target -5 Applying brake before clearing obstacle- $5_{\mathcal{A}}$ 8. LOS-POT Blockage _____ Failure to search Left, Front, Right -2 Failure to respond (stop) -5 _____ Failure to get best LP -5 9. Rule Violation ___ Not belted before moving – Disqualified ____ Failure to follow car one – Disqualified Hitting a Cone or Barrier – Disqualified _____ Going Outside Course – Disqualified Wrong direction in roundabout - Disqualified Failure to yield after spinout – **Disqualified** _____ Not stopping when flagged -2/sec 360 degree improperly executed -5 points ____ - penalty points ______ + 2 points/sec 100 points +/-____ = _____